

DIN Timers TD



Technical Datasheet

Key Features

- 17.5mm or 22.5mm DIN Rail mounting Electronic Timers
- Wide coil operation, 12V to 320V AC/DC
- Multi time range / Multi function
- ON-Delay, OFF-Delay, Asymmetrical, Star/Delta versions
- Perfect to fit in modular enclosure
- Protection against overvoltage and reverse polarity
- Self-extinguishing plastic housing



Options & Ordering Codes

	TD	M10
Series		
DIN Rail Mount Timers	XX	
Timer Type		
Multi-function		M10
Multi-function 12VAC/DC		M10-12
Star/Delta 20-500ms		SD1
Asymmetrical 5 function		AS

Specification

		TDM10-12	TDM10	TDAS	TDS01
Operation Modes		A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K		ND, FD, NFD, Fon, Foff	Star Delta
Time Range		0.1 sec - 10 days	0.1 sec - 10 days	0.1 sec - 10 days	Λ 1-30 sec / Λ Δ20-500ms
Accuracy		30ppm			
Supply Voltage		12V AC/DC / 180-265V AC	24-300V AC/DC, ±10%, 45-65Hz		150-500V AC, 45-65Hz
Nominal Power Consumption		24-320V DC max 1W; 24V AC 2.5VA; 48V AC 4.46VA; 110V AC 1.76VA; 220V AC 2.53VA			
Input Signal Control Contact Must Be 90% of A1-A2		Power On - Contact Control		Power On	
Contact Configuration		1 C/O Contact			2 Independant C/O Contacts
Control Output		10A @ 250V AC / 3A @ 30V DC			
Life Expectancy	Electrical	5 x 10 ⁴ (5A @ 250V AC),			
	Mechanical	10 ⁷ Operations			
Ambient Allowable Temperature	Storage	-40 to +85°C			
	Operating	-25 to +70°C			
IP Rating		IP20			
Terminals		2.5mm ² Stranded, 4mm ² Solid or 2x1.5mm ² Solid			
Warranty / Certification		2 Years / CE / UL / cUL			

DIN Timers TDM10 / TDM10-12



Key Features

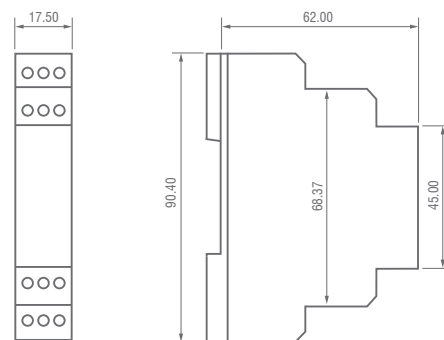
- Multi function time delay
- Multi time range
- Compact design
- TDM10: Universal voltage input 24-300V AC/DC
- TDM10-12: Voltage input 12V AC/DC & 180-265V AC
- Single module size



Specification

	TDM10-12	TDM10
Adjustable Values / Time Range		1 second
		10 second
		100 second
		1 minute
		10 minute
		1 hour
		10 hour
		100 hour
		1 day
		10 day
Multiplier	0.1 - 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.5 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.8 - 0.9 - 1	

Dimensions (mm)

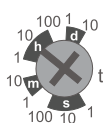


Indication Lights Legend

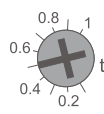
LED	State	Description
On / t	ON	Power On
	OFF	Power Off
Relay Output	ON	Output relay energised
	OFF	Output relay de-energised
M1, M2	M1, M2 are used to indicate which function is currently used. See charts page 3 for more details.	

Time Settings

Time range selector switch selects full scale time range. The t multiplier selector switch provides fine adjustment of time value, t, within the full scale time range. Selector switch positions are latched upon startup to avoid accidental changes during operation. Therefore changing selector switch positions have no effect when the device is operational. The below example shows how to set a t value.



Time Range



t Multiplier

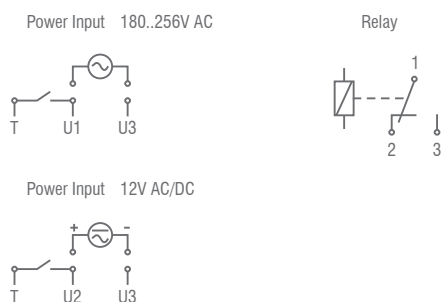
In the above figure: $t = 10h \times 0.5 = 5$ hour

Note: All the pot values are digitalised. Cannot be set to mid values.

Connections - TDM10



Connections - TDM10-12



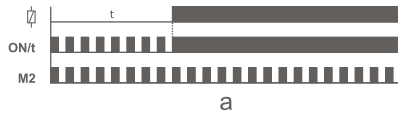
DIN Timers TDM10 / TDM10-12

IMO

Technical Datasheet

Mode Functions

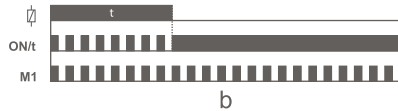
NOTE: Any changes made to mode or time require power down / power up cycle to take effect.



a

A On Delay (M2 LED Flashing)

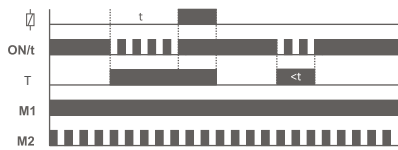
On application of supply voltage, the timer starts. After time t has elapsed, the output Relay energises. Power off reset.



b

B Off Delay (M1 LED Flashing)

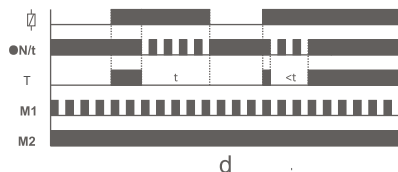
On application of supply voltage, the output Relay is energized, and the timer starts. After time t has elapsed, the output Relay de-energises. Power off reset.



c

C On Delay with Control Input (M1 LED On, M2 LED Flashing)

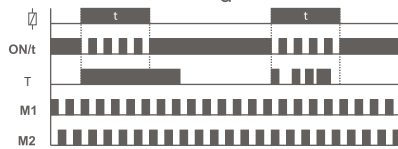
Supply to the unit must be continuous. The output Relay is initially de-energized. Closure of input T starts the timer and the output Relay is energised after time t has elapsed. The Relay remains energized while input T remains closed, opening input T resets and de-energises the output Relay.



d

D Off Delay with Control Input (M2 LED On, L1 LED Flashing)

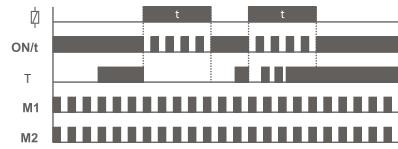
Supply to the unit must be continuous. Closure of input T energizes the output Relay. opening input T starts the timer. When time t has elapsed the output Relay is de-energized. Reconnection of input T restarts the time delay and the output Relay will remain energized if the time has not elapsed.



e

E Rising Edge Triggered Off Delay (Asynchronous Flashing of M1 & M2 LEDs)

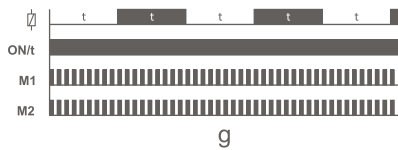
Supply to the unit must be continuous. Closure of input T energizes the output relay and starts the timer, after time t has elapsed the output Relay is de-energized. Changes to the input T will be ignored during the timing period t .



f

F Falling Edge Triggered Off Delay (Synchronous Flashing of M1 & M2 LEDs)

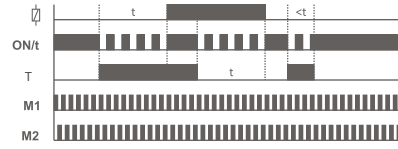
Supply to the unit must be continuous. Pulse signal of input T energizes the output relay and starts the timer, after time t has elapsed the output Relay is de-energized. Changes to the T input will be ignored during the timing period t .



g

G Off Flasher (Rapid Synchronous Flashing of M1 & M2 LEDs)

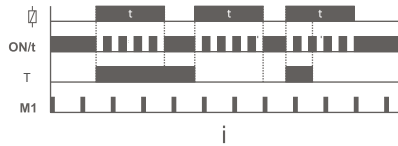
Application of supply voltage starts the timer with the output Relay initially de-energized, it is energised after the set time t has elapsed then de-energized for time t . The process repeats, until supply is removed.



h

H On and Off Delay with Control Input (Rapid Asynchronous Flashing of M1 & M2 LEDs)

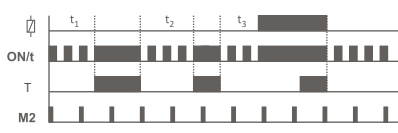
Supply to the unit must be continuous. Closure of input T starts the timer, when time t has elapsed the output Relay energizes, after which on opening of this connection the timing period t restarts and output Relay is de-energized after the set time t has elapsed.



i

I Adjustable Pulse Output with Control Input (M1 LED Flashing Slowly)

Supply to the unit must be continuous. Closure of input T starts the timer and energizes the output Relay, changes to the T input will be ignored during the time t . The Relay is then de-energized after the set time t has elapsed.



k

K On Delay with Memory (M2 LED Flashing Slowly)

Supply to the unit must be continuous. On application of supply voltage, the timer starts. On completion of time t , the output Relay energises. Closure of input T pauses the timer, re opening input T resumes the count. Once set time t has elapsed making and breaking input T restarts the process.

■ On
□ Off

$$t = t_1 + t_2 + t_3$$

DIN Timers TDAS

Key Features

- Asymmetrical DIN Timer
- Multi time range
- Compact design
- Universal voltage input 24-300V AC/DC
- Single module size



Specification

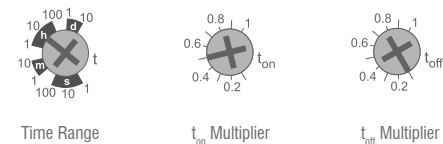
Adjustable Values / Time Range	TDAS
	1 second
	10 second
	100 second
	1 minute
	10 minute
	1 hour
	10 hour
	100 hour
	1 day
	10 day
Multiplier	0.1 - 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.5 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.8 - 0.9 - 1

Indication Lights Legend

LED	State	Description
On / t	ON	Power On
	OFF	Power Off
Relay Output	ON	Output relay energised
	OFF	Output relay de-energised
M1, M2	ON	On-Off delay mode
	M2 flashing, M1 off	On delay mode
	M1 flashing, M2 off	Off delay mode
	Flash sequentially	On flasher mode
	Flash simultaneously	Off flasher mode

Time Settings

Time range knob selects full scale time range. The t_{on} and t_{off} multiplier knobs provide fine adjustment of t_{on} and t_{off} time values within the full scale time range. Knob positions are latched upon startup to avoid accidental changes during operation. Therefore changing knob positions have no effect when the device is operational. The below example shows how to set particular t_{on} and t_{off} values

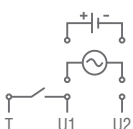


In the above figure: $t_{on} = 10h \times 0.5 = 5 \text{ hour}$ $t_{off} = 10h \times 0.1 = 1 \text{ hour}$

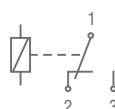
Note: All the pot values are digitalised. Cannot be set to mid values.

Connections

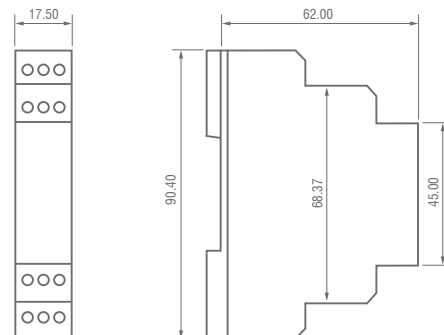
Power Input 24..300V AC/DC



Relay



Dimensions (mm)



Mode Functions

ND - On Delay

The output relay is initially de-energised and energised after an adjustable time delay, t_{off} .

FD - Off Delay

The output relay is initially energised and de-energised after an adjustable time delay, t_{on} .

NFD - On-Off Delay

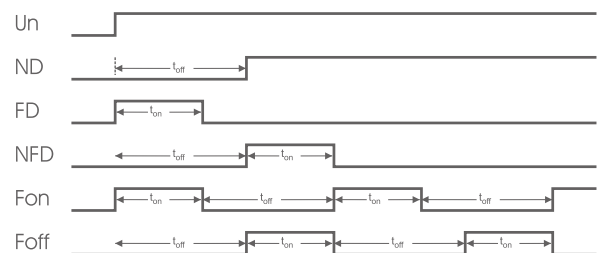
The output relay is initially de-energised and energised after an adjustable time delay, t_{off} and stays energised for an adjustable period, t_{on} , and then de-energised.

Fon - On Flasher

The output relay is initially energised and de-energised after an adjustable time delay, t_{on} and stays de-energised for an adjustable period, t_{off} , and then energised. This loop is repeated until the device is powered off.

Foff - Off Flasher

The output relay is initially de-energised and energised after an adjustable time delay, t_{off} and stays energised for an adjustable period, t_{on} , and then de-energised. This loop is repeated until the device is powered off.



DIN Timers TDSD1

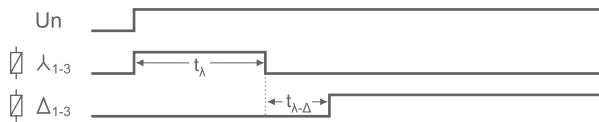
Key Features

- Star Delta DIN Timer
- Multi time range
- Compact design
- Single module size

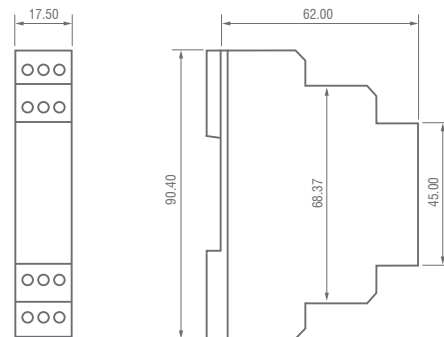


Mode Functions

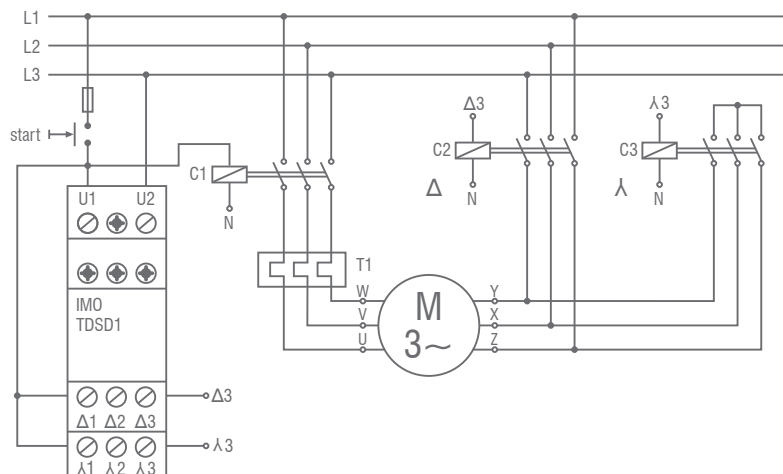
TDS1 star-delta starter is used for take-off starting method used in electrical motors. When energy applied from U1 and U2 terminals, star contacts will be energised until the end of the adjustable t_{λ} time. Later, at the end of the adjusted wait time $t_{\lambda-\Delta}$, delta contacts will be energised until the device powered off.



Dimensions (mm)



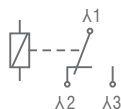
Connections



Power Input 150-500V AC



λ Relay



Δ Relay

